

Guidelines of His Church Auxiliary and Trust

1. His Church Auxiliary and Trust is an irrevocable ministerial *charitable* trust of Christ.
2. The Grantors of this sacred trust are the people who grant tangible or intangible property to His Church for the conversion of its use to Jesus Christ, His Kingdom and His servants.
3. The Trustees and Ministers of His Church are nominated by the represented members of the congregations¹ of the people and appointed by the Protectors of the Church. [see Form A6:6]²
4. The Protectors of the sacred trust are recognized by the Grantors of the trust and accepted by the elected ministers as anointed ministers of His Holy Church. [see Polity and Form R15:4]
5. The Beneficiary of His Church Auxiliary and Trust is Jesus Christ, a.k.a. Yeshua, Highest Son of David, Son of Man, King of God the Father's Kingdom on earth, High Priest of the most high God according to the order of Melchisedec, Prince of Peace, etc. .
6. His Holy Church has been appointed by the Beneficiary to minister to His Faithful, His children and those who wish to return to the LORD in His Kingdom on Earth, therefore as His subjects and ministers they represent the Beneficiary in service.³
7. His Holy Church may receive and consecration, equitably reconvert, property on behalf of the Beneficiary to the exclusive use and sanctification of the Beneficiary, as His Holy Church belongs to the Beneficiary and they hold all things in common⁴.
8. His Church Auxiliary and Trust is established at the moment that property, tangible and intangible is granted to the holding possession of the Minister and Trustee, accepting that the mere "promise" or "pledge" of payment is not considered "property" and cannot, by itself, form a trust corpus.
9. The Purpose of His Church Auxiliary and Trust is to receive the contributions of the congregation and the people from whatever source and to reconvert their use to the Beneficiary and His servants in the performance of their duties as prescribed by the Father and Beneficiary. The ministers of His Holy Church may bring to the attention of the Minister and the congregation the needs of His Holy Church but the congregation has original determination of charitable contribution and the Minister and Trustee has full discretion in the final distribution of funds received by His Church Trust.

1 Congregation. A congregation is a group acting in one accord. It is usually composed of groups of families which may be served by one minister. The minister is a member of the Church by appointment or anointing, the body of the clergy. Each family's spokesman is its elder or their representative. Two or more elders form a congregation, more than twenty-four may be too many while 10 to 12 are generally thought to be ideal. Any gathering of congregations is also a congregation in assembly. The individual congregations should be linked in Spirit and in practical and real ways by the communion of their Ministers in a congregation within the Church with the help and service of the Bishops and Archbishops chosen by them.

2 Acts 6:3 Wherefore, brethren, look ye out among you seven men of honest report, full of the Holy Ghost and wisdom, whom we may appoint over this business.

3 The servants of the Beneficiary is His Holy Church. They belong to Jesus Christ and the Father and have no personal estate. Although they may use the consecrated property of the Church to maintain their families they hold all things in common. They have no authority over the trustees except to appoint or terminate that office.

4 Lk 22:29 And I appoint unto you a kingdom, as my Father hath appointed unto me;

10. The Minister/Trustee may choose to reject a contribution for reasons including, but not limited to; The property is more of a liability than a value, the Minister/Trustee is not capable of managing the property properly, the intent of the Grantor is not sincere charity but ulterior, such as a bribe, to deprive others of rightful benefit or to gain influence, etc..

11. His Church Auxiliary and Trust is not an investment trust and it's purpose is to serve rather than be served, this includes but is not limited to: His Church does not seek to collect interest, to engage in commercial enterprises, to obtain gain, to speculate value fluctuations for profit nor to hoard a great treasury of wealth of the world but rather to return every man unto his possession, and shall return every man unto his family for it is more blessed to give than to receive.⁵

12. The Minister and Trustee is *not allowed* to derive any personal benefit from His Church but they may pay for general and specific expenses incurred in the performance of their duties from the General funds of the trust.

13. The Grantors of His Church Sacred Trust do not have control over the distribution of the funds but they may make requests that granted funds go to particular needs and desires of the Beneficiary.

14. The value and property held by His Church Trust are held in common to be used as needed for the benefit of Jesus Christ in preservation, and propagation of His doctrines and ordinances, including but not limited to the preaching the Gospel of the kingdom of God on earth and the healing of those who are not whole according to the perfect law of liberty.

15. The Minister/Trustee shall make every reasonable effort to comply with those specific or general requests concerning the direction of a contribution as long as they are in conformance with receiving, preserving, and propagating His doctrines and ordinances, and with this in mind the Trustee does have final discretion in the distribution of funds.

16. The Minister/Trustee are to keep records and make those records available to all other trustees and the Protectors of the trust upon demand and shall inform the elders of the congregation of the work he is doing in the distribution of funds and property upon request.

17. Protectors may terminate a Minister/Trustee for breach of trust, refusing or failing to produce records in a timely fashion, moral turpitude or any other reason in accordance with his God given conscience and the doctrines of the Beneficiary. [see Form A 5:5]

18. The Minister/Trustee may appeal termination to another assigned Protector of His Church Trust and then to His Holy Church with members of the congregation as witnesses.

19. The Minister/Trustee may tend his resignation for any reason , preferably with notice to other trustees of His Church Trust and the Protectors. [see form R 14:13]

20. If a particular auxiliary trust and accounts can no longer be maintained nor needs to be maintained, then the trust is to be dissolved and the corpus of that trust is to be distributed among other Trusteeships of His Church or consecrated to the Beneficiary of the trust.

⁵ Acts 5:5 Ananias hearing these words fell down, and gave up the ghost: and great fear came on all them that heard these things.